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§Unstable operation detection

§Experimental study

§Performance characteristics and operating regimes

§Unsteady signal features for different operating conditions

§Criteria for unstable operation Detection

§Conclusions



Existing methods for unstable operation detection

FAerodynamic Methods

F Fast response pressure sensors

FHot wires and hot films

F Mechanical Methods

FDisplacement Probes

F Other methods combining performance measurements and calculation algorithms

A method based on vibroacoustic behavior is presented in this paper



§Unstable operation detection

§Experimental study

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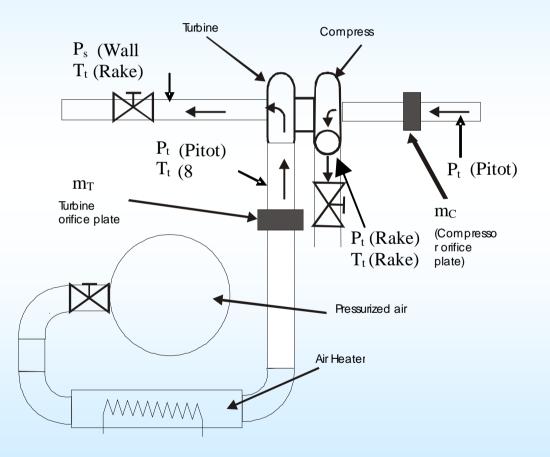
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Test Facility



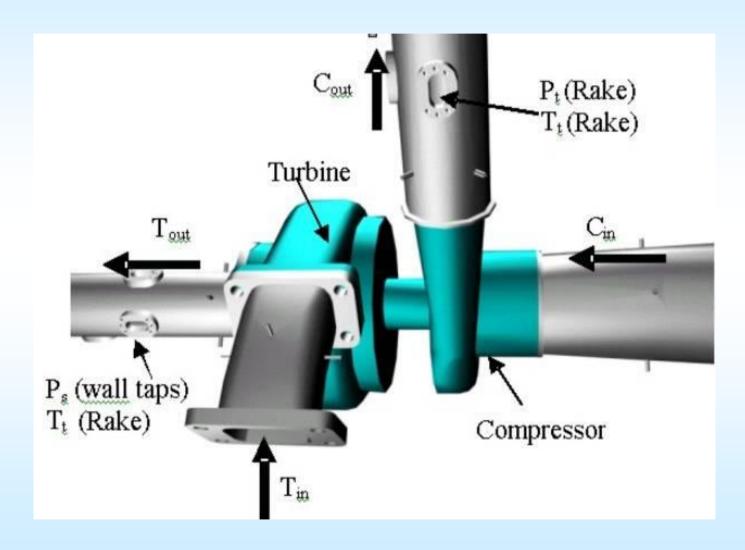


Test Facility

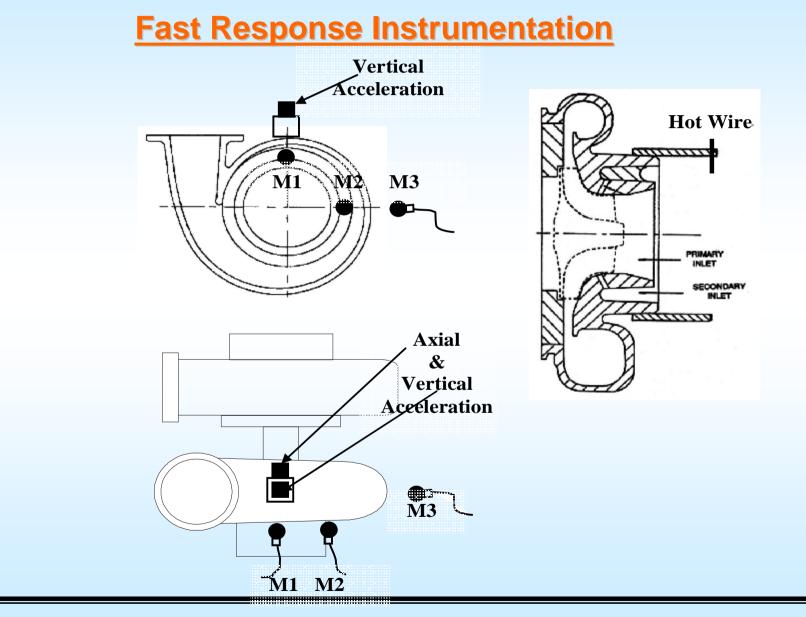




Measurments for Component Performance









Side view of Instrumented Turbocharger:

Microphones, Accelerometers,





Accelerometers On Casing



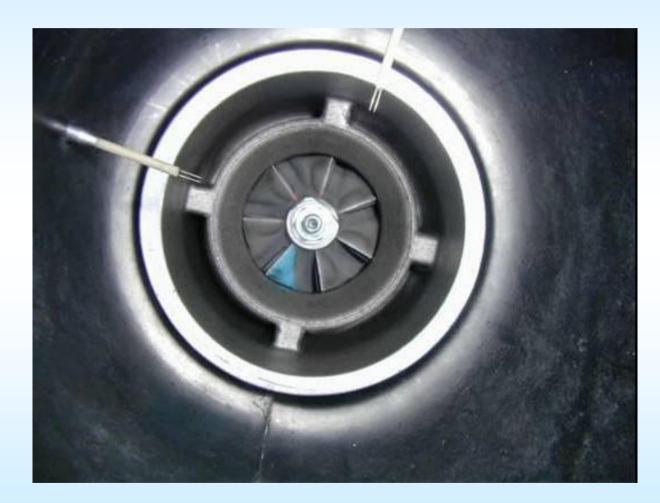


Inlet View of Instrumented Compressor: Hot wires





Close up of Hot Wires in Compressor Inlet Duct





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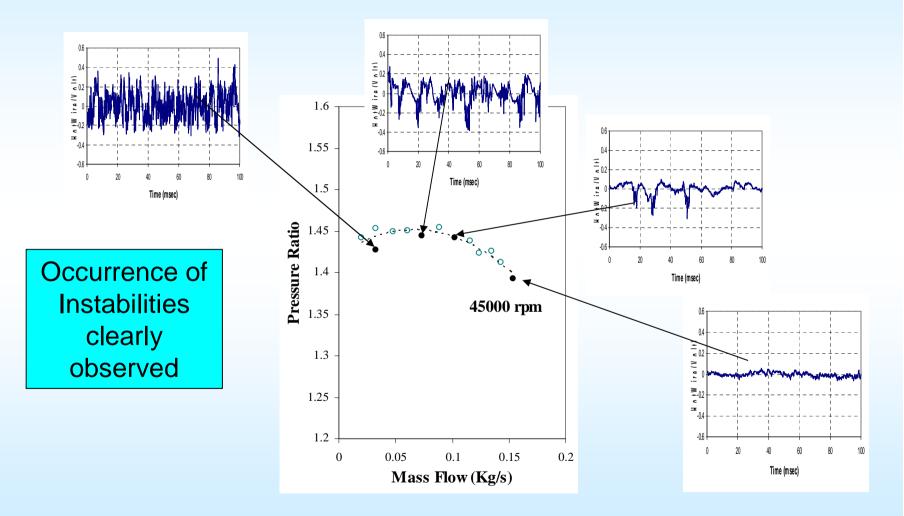
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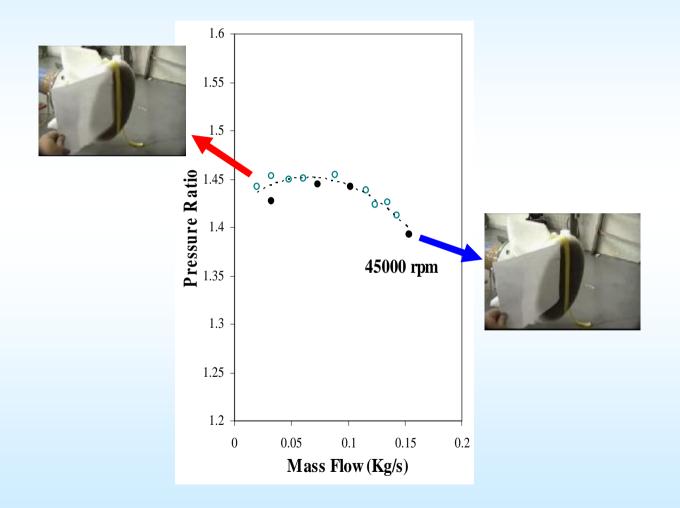


Hot Wires Signals Along Compressor Characteristic Curve



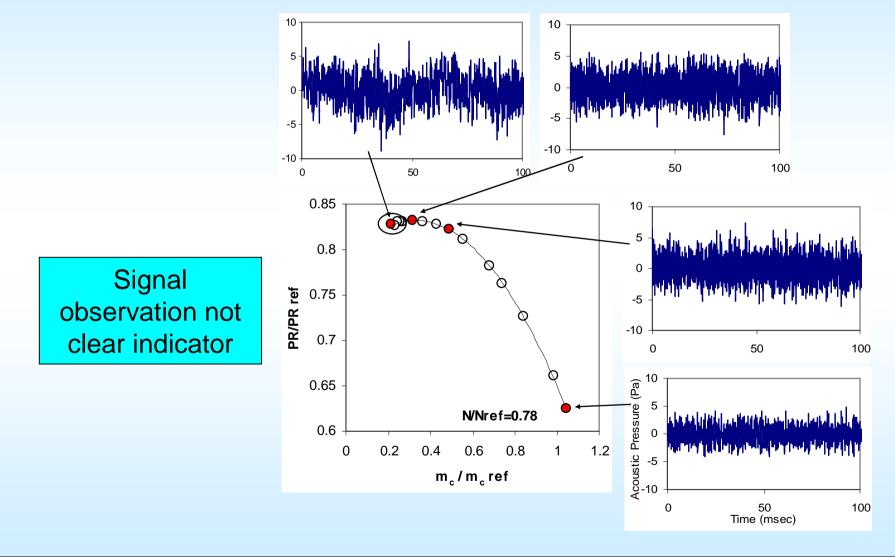


Hot Wires Signals Along Compressor Characteristic Curve



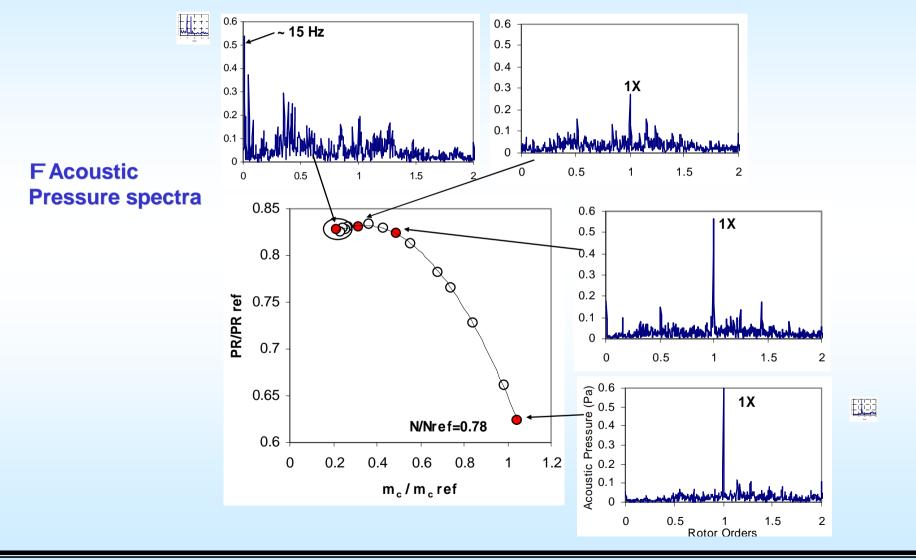


Microphone Signals Along Compressor Characteristic Curve











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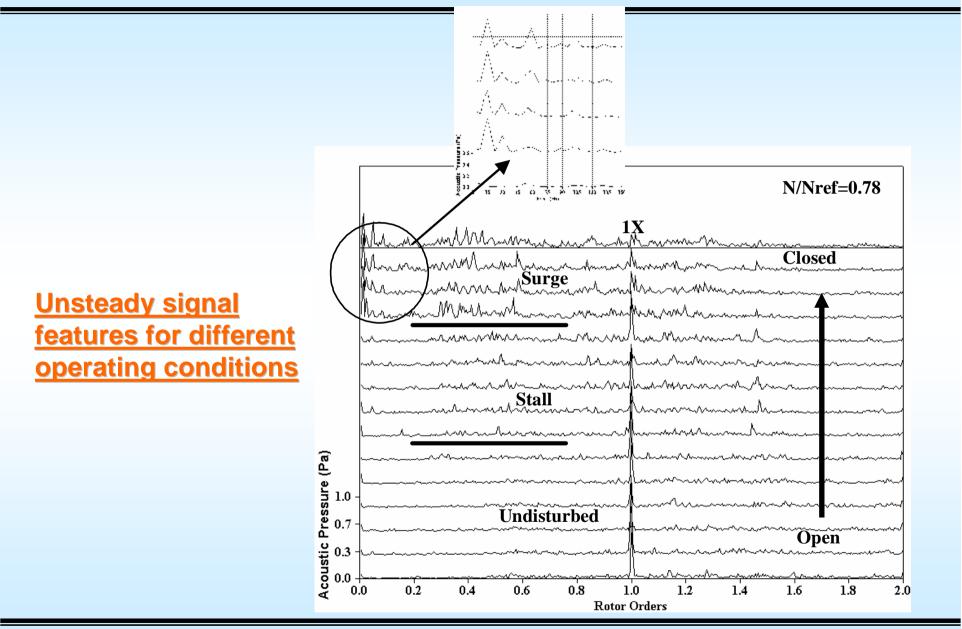
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Unsteady signal features for different operating conditions

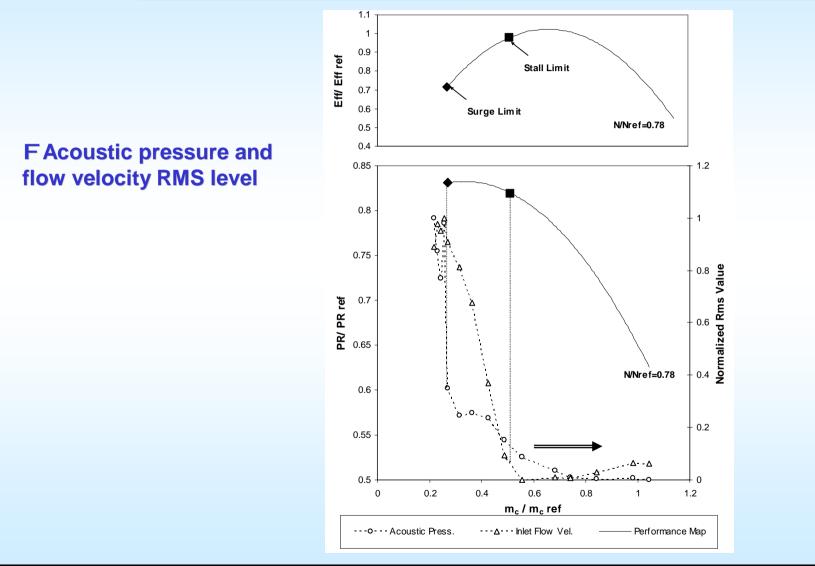
F Instabilities affect the low-frequency part of the spectrum

FRMS-value indicating operating conditions:

$$\boldsymbol{s}_{F} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{F} \int_{0}^{F} S_{pp}(f) \cdot df}, F = 0.9X$$



Unsteady signal RMS along performance characteristic

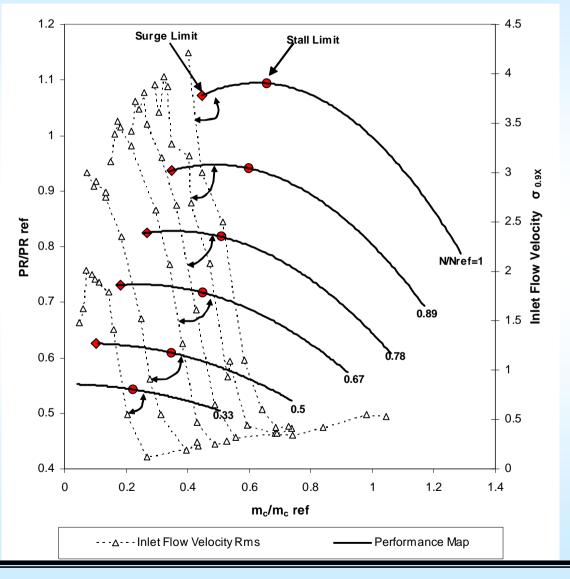




Unsteady signal RMS over performance map

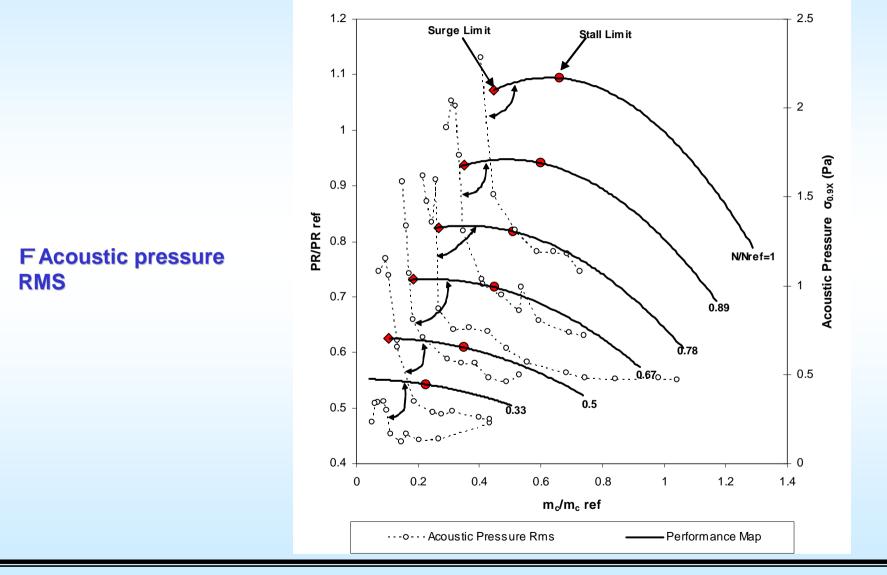
F Inlet flow velocity RMS

F Stall/surge occurs at different RMS level for each rotational speed

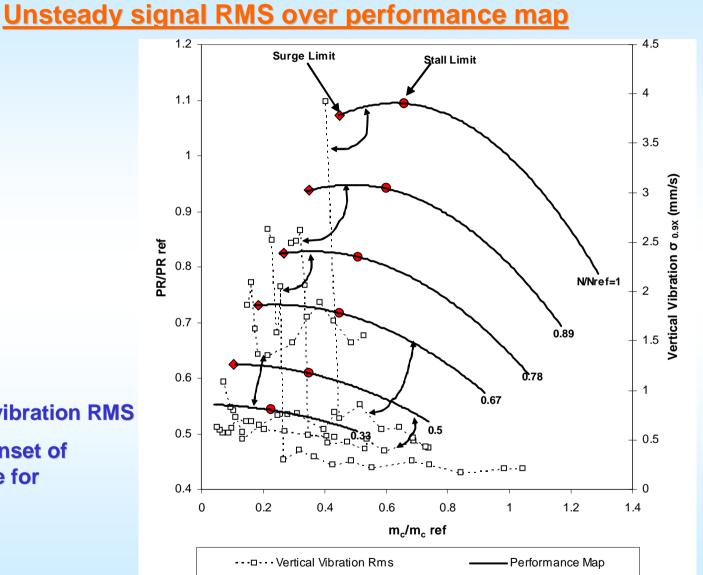




Unsteady signal RMS over performance map







FVertical casing vibration RMS

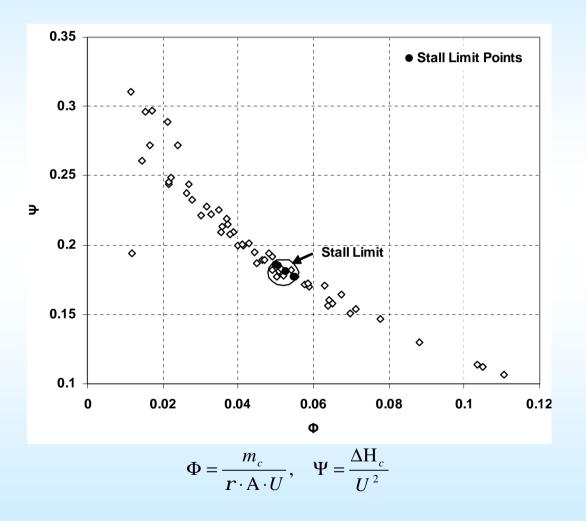
F Rises only the onset of surge: not suitable for detection



The Φ-Ψ performance characteristic and points of stall occurrecnce

F Stall points all very closely spaced

F Stall occurs at a specific value of Φ





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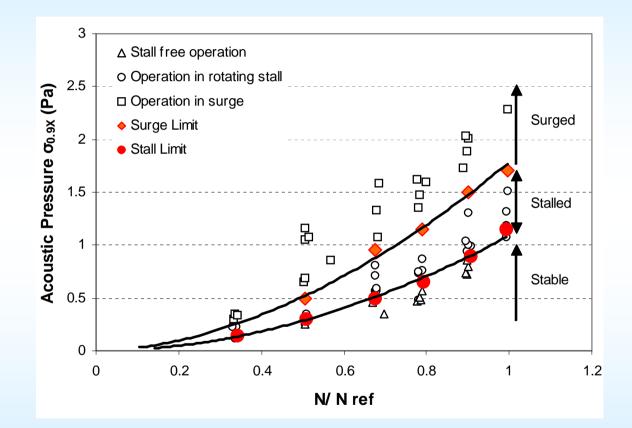
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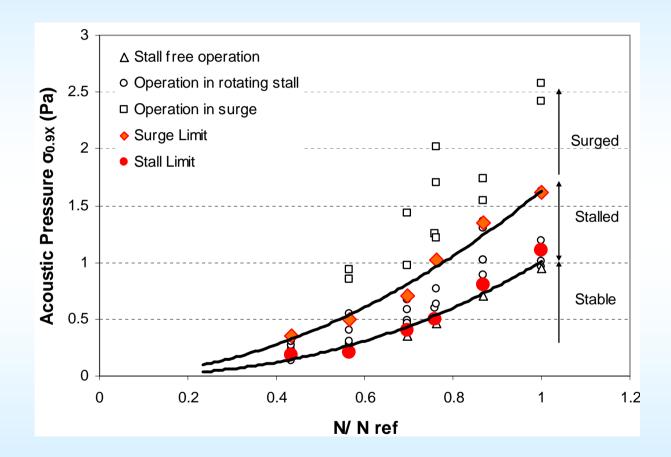
Establishment of acoustic criteria for surge detection



F Correlation between acoustic pressure RMS level and compressor speed

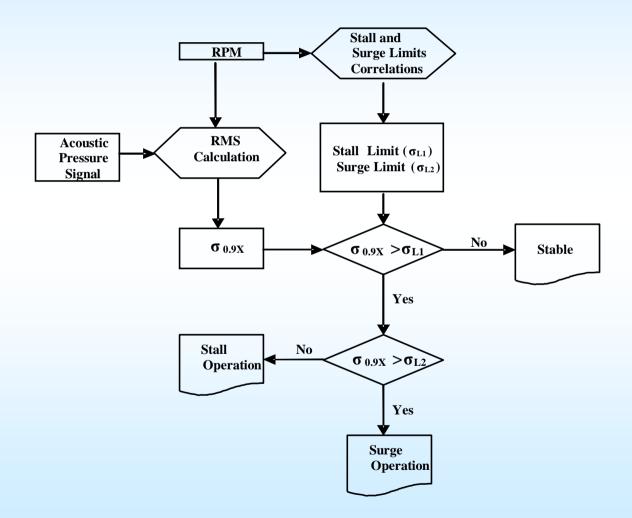


Generalization(?): Results from a different turbocharger





Procedure for stall and surge diagnosis in a radial compressor





Conclusions

§Acoustic signal features correlate well with operating condition

§The RMS value in the sub-synchronous part of the spectrum suits best for unstable operation detection

§Well defined limits of the RMS parameter for different operating regimes have been established

§Applicability to a different turbocharger, indicates generalization possibility